



## Cambridge IGCSE™ (9–1)

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**BIOLOGY (9–1)**

**0970/31**

Paper 3 Theory (Core)

**May/June 2021**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **13** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

**Social Science-Specific Marking Principles  
(for point-based marking)****1 Components using point-based marking:**

- Point marking is often used to reward knowledge, understanding and application of skills. We give credit where the candidate's answer shows relevant knowledge, understanding and application of skills in answering the question. We do not give credit where the answer shows confusion.

From this it follows that we:

- a** DO credit answers which are worded differently from the mark scheme if they clearly convey the same meaning (unless the mark scheme requires a specific term)
- b** DO credit alternative answers/examples which are not written in the mark scheme if they are correct
- c** DO credit answers where candidates give more than one correct answer in one prompt/numbered/scaffolded space where extended writing is required rather than list-type answers. For example, questions that require  $n$  reasons (e.g. State two reasons ...).
- d** DO NOT credit answers simply for using a 'key term' unless that is all that is required. (Check for evidence it is understood and not used wrongly.)
- e** DO NOT credit answers which are obviously self-contradicting or trying to cover all possibilities
- f** DO NOT give further credit for what is effectively repetition of a correct point already credited unless the language itself is being tested. This applies equally to 'mirror statements' (i.e. polluted/not polluted).
- g** DO NOT require spellings to be correct, unless this is part of the test. However spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. Corrasion/Corrosion)

**2 Presentation of mark scheme:**

- Slashes (/) or the word 'or' separate alternative ways of making the same point.
- Semi colons (;) bullet points (•) or figures in brackets (1) separate different points.
- Content in the answer column in brackets is for examiner information/context to clarify the marking but is not required to earn the mark (except Accounting syllabuses where they indicate negative numbers).

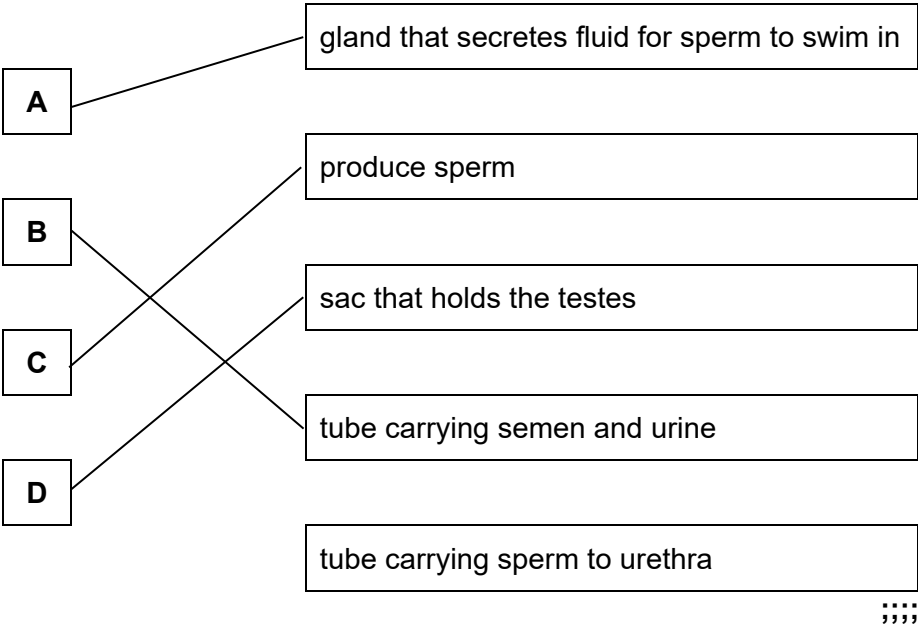
**3 Calculation questions:**

- The mark scheme will show the steps in the most likely correct method(s), the mark for each step, the correct answer(s) and the mark for each answer
- If working/explanation is considered essential for full credit, this will be indicated in the question paper and in the mark scheme. In all other instances, the correct answer to a calculation should be given full credit, even if no supporting working is shown.
- Where the candidate uses a valid method which is not covered by the mark scheme, award equivalent marks for reaching equivalent stages.
- Where an answer makes use of a candidate's own incorrect figure from previous working, the 'own figure rule' applies: full marks will be given if a correct and complete method is used. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

**4 Annotation:**

- For point marking, ticks can be used to indicate correct answers and crosses can be used to indicate wrong answers. There is no direct relationship between ticks and marks. Ticks have no defined meaning for levels of response marking.
- For levels of response marking, the level awarded should be annotated on the script.
- Other annotations will be used by examiners as agreed during standardisation, and the meaning will be understood by all examiners who marked that paper.



Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)	 <p>gland that secretes fluid for sperm to swim in</p> <p>produce sperm</p> <p>sac that holds the testes</p> <p>tube carrying semen and urine</p> <p>tube carrying sperm to urethra</p>	4	one mark for each correct line R each additional line
2(b)(i)	egg cell / ovum / ova ;	1	
2(b)(ii)	zygote ;	1	
2(b)(iii)	oviduct ;	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance																														
2(c)	<p><i>any three from:</i></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="322 248 1236 938"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="322 248 376 312"></th> <th data-bbox="376 248 806 312"><i>asexual reproduction:</i></th> <th data-bbox="806 248 1236 312"><i>sexual reproduction:</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 312 376 376">1</td> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="376 312 1236 376">both produce offspring / AW</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 376 376 440">2</td> <td data-bbox="376 376 806 440">one parent</td> <td data-bbox="806 376 1236 440">two parents</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 440 376 542">3</td> <td data-bbox="376 440 806 542">genetically identical offspring / clone</td> <td data-bbox="806 440 1236 542">genetically different offspring</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 542 376 606">4</td> <td data-bbox="376 542 806 606">no involvement of gametes</td> <td data-bbox="806 542 1236 606">(named) gametes</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 606 376 670">5</td> <td data-bbox="376 606 806 670">no fertilisation</td> <td data-bbox="806 606 1236 670">fertilisation / fusion of gametes</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 670 376 734">6</td> <td data-bbox="376 670 806 734">no variation</td> <td data-bbox="806 670 1236 734">variation</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 734 376 798">7</td> <td data-bbox="376 734 806 798">fast</td> <td data-bbox="806 734 1236 798">slow</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 798 376 861">8</td> <td data-bbox="376 798 806 861">mitosis</td> <td data-bbox="806 798 1236 861">meiosis (and mitosis)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="322 861 376 925">9</td> <td data-bbox="376 861 806 925">less energy required</td> <td data-bbox="806 861 1236 925">more energy required</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;">⋮</p>		<i>asexual reproduction:</i>	<i>sexual reproduction:</i>	1	both produce offspring / AW		2	one parent	two parents	3	genetically identical offspring / clone	genetically different offspring	4	no involvement of gametes	(named) gametes	5	no fertilisation	fertilisation / fusion of gametes	6	no variation	variation	7	fast	slow	8	mitosis	meiosis (and mitosis)	9	less energy required	more energy required	3	one mark per row response does not have to be in a table
	<i>asexual reproduction:</i>	<i>sexual reproduction:</i>																															
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9	less energy required	more energy required																															

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(a)	<i>any three from:</i> overall (trend) is an increase in deaths / AW ; decrease in 2011 ; big(gest) increase, between 2011 and 2012 / in 2012 ; small(est ) increase, between 2012 and 2013 / in 2013 <b>OR</b> similar numbers of deaths in 2012 and 2013 ; data, quote / manipulation ;	<b>3</b>	
3(b)	<i>any two from:</i> depressant ; increases reaction time / AW ; reduces self-control ; AVP ;; e.g. reduced pain or temperature perception / loss of consciousness / lack of coordination	<b>2</b>	
3(c)	liver / AVP ;	<b>1</b>	
3(d)(i)	8 ;	<b>1</b>	
3(d)(ii)	10 ;	<b>1</b>	
3(d)(iii)	temperature / AVP ;	<b>1</b>	
3(e)	it increases the rate of a (chemical) reaction ; and is not changed (by the reaction) ;	<b>2</b>	
3(f)	carbon, hydrogen and oxygen circled ; nitrogen circled ;	<b>2</b>	



Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance										
4(a)	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-right: 10px;">Aerobic respiration</div> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">involves the action of enzymes.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">occurs in animals only.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">produces water.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">requires carbon dioxide</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">releases less energy than anaerobic respiration.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">requires oxygen.</div> </div> </div>	<b>3</b>	one mark for each correct line <b>R</b> each additional line										
4(b)(i)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">change in the genotype</td> <td style="width: 30px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">decreased breathing rate</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">development of lung cancer</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">increased pulse rate</td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓ ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">widened pupils</td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓ ;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	change in the genotype		decreased breathing rate		development of lung cancer		increased pulse rate	✓ ;	widened pupils	✓ ;	<b>2</b>	<b>R</b> each additional tick
change in the genotype													
decreased breathing rate													
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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(b)(ii)	adrenal (gland) ;	1	
4(b)(iii)	(in,) blood / plasma ;	1	
4(c)	testosterone ; oestrogen ;	2	either order
4(d)	pancreas ;	1	
4(e)	<i>smallest</i> DNA molecule cell tissue organ  <i>largest</i> organ system  ;	2	1 mark for DNA and organ system in correct place 1 mark for cell, tissue and organ in the correct order.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(a)(i)	<i>correct labelling of :</i> atrium ; septum ; ventricle ; valve ;	4	
5(a)(ii)	<b>B and C ;</b> <b>D ;</b>	2	
5(b)	<i>any two from:</i> ECG ; listening to the closing of the valves ; AVP ;	2	
5(c)(i)	coronary arteries ;	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(c)(ii)	<i>any three from:</i> diet (or described); obesity ; stress ; smoking ; genetic predisposition ; age ; sex ; AVP ;;	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(a)(i)	17 ;	1	
6(a)(ii)	1 ;	1	
6(a)(iii)	two / limited / discrete / distinct, categories / groups ; no, intermediates / range / intervals ;	2	
6(a)(iv)	tongue rolling / AVP ;	1	
6(a)(v)	height / AVP ;	1	
6(b)	genetic ; alleles ; ionising ; increase ;	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(a)	agricultural machinery ; fertiliser ; insecticide ; herbicide ;	<b>4</b>	
7(b)	<i>any three from :</i> production of (named) greenhouse gases ; spread of, disease / parasites ; ref. to animal welfare ; ref. to pollution ; use of antibiotics / ref. to antibiotic resistance ; AVP ;	<b>3</b>	
7(c)	<b>B E ; (A) C D ;</b>	<b>2</b>	
7(d)	<i>any two from:</i> disease ; reduced reproduction / AW ; predation / hunting / poaching ; climate change / drought / floods / extreme weather / temperature change / natural disasters / war ; loss of habitat / deforestation ; pollution ;	<b>2</b>	

<b>Question</b>	<b>Answer</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>Guidance</b>
8(a)(i)	water ;	<b>1</b>	
8(a)(ii)	light ;	<b>1</b>	
8(a)(iii)	no seeds, germinate / grow ; seeds are, killed or damaged / enzymes destroyed ;	<b>2</b>	
8(b)(i)	carbon dioxide + water ; → glucose + oxygen ;	<b>2</b>	
8(b)(ii)	water / suitable temperature ;	<b>1</b>	